Recent Rain Small Respite for Drought-Stressed Trees

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Dead and dying trees are not only a fire hazard, but a blight on the landscape. Wetter weather that might or might not be coming could ameliorate fires. Yet homeowners with a beloved tree – and mandatory restrictions on water use - are wringing their hands over some of their favorites, and have them considering gray-water systems and more to conserve water to feed the trees.

"I think people are trying to figure out a lot of things," Bill said. "No one wants to see this."

So far this year, the Lamorinda area has received about 1.5 inches of rain. The average, adult live oak tree drinks 20 to 30 gallons of water per day, and its roots are relatively shallow – they spread out as wide as their canopies. Some homeowners have taken to installing drip systems around their trees to enhance the natural flow from the sky.

And while estimates vary, redwoods slurp up as much as 300 gallons a day, which then transpires off into the atmosphere. (Their roots go deeper than oaks.) Recently scientists such as Steve Sillett of Humbolt State University and Todd Dawson of University of California-Berkeley have found that redwoods also suck up as much as 40 percent of their water from fog during the dry months. After all, carrying hydration from the water table up 20-or-so stories isn't all that easy. But alas, it turns out that redwoods can take in the fog directly through their bark and needles.

If only there was more fog. So far, Mother Nature has said nix on that, mostly, too.

Ways to Protect Your Trees

Before the rains start in earnest – if they do indeed start and stay in earnest – homeowners have various ways of helping their stressed-out trees that have been suffering from the four-year drought. Yet, there are problems besides lack of water.

One: Many homeowners have planted trees with high water requirements. "Trees planted with high water needs such as magnolias, weeping birches and other non-native trees have been planted in areas, particularly lawns, that are now not receiving water or in areas with inadequate irrigation," said Lorie Edwards of Advance Tree.

Two: People are still spraying their gardens with hoses.

It's kind of a Vegas craps game to see which species will recover. Birches are weeping, willows are shedding their skins like birches. And while a wagging finger can say the homeowner is at fault for planting a non-native, it is not just the non-natives that are suffering. "Even our native trees that are used to our annual summer drought can suffer because of this extended drought," Edwards said.

Stressed-out trees are also more susceptible to diseases and pests, she said. Edwards recommends what arborists and landscapers say, too. "The remedy is obviously to increase the water to these trees," she wrote by email. "One method is to use a deeproot irrigation device." That means, yes, burying it under dirt and mulch and giving it a regular squirt through the household system, metered through EBMUD.

Another is to mulch and mulch. Do not, according to arborists, just lay your drip line on the ground. Pile some mulch over it. So dig down, put your drip in, then set a

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